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# GIVES DATA ON USSR FOOD INDUSTRY, APRIL 1951

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m N}$ umbers in parentheses refer to appended sources. $\sqrt{}$ 

#### USSR

The USSR food production has exceeded the prewar output for animal fats 57 percent, vegetable oils and fats 10 percent, fish catch 27 percent, sausage products 20 percent, canned foods 48 percent, sugar 17 percent.(1)

### Estonian SSR

The Ministry of Food Industry Estonian SSR failed to filfill the 1950 plan for accumulation of capital. Individual enterprises of the ministry showed an increase in production costs (the Kalev Factory) and above-plan production losses (the Saku Tobacco Plant).(2)

# Lithuanian SSR

The "Krasnaya Zvezda" fats and oils combine is located on the outskirts of Vil'nyus at the end of Panera Ulitsa. During the past year the plant has been enlarged and equipped with new USSR-made machinery.(3)

# Belorussian SSR

The Ministry of Food Industry Belorussian SSR rulilled the 1950 plan by 6 December; 64 enterprises met the plan even earlier. The plan for gross production was fulfilled 102.5 percent. In 1950, production was up 26 percent over 1949. Production costs were reduced. More equipment is now available than during the prewar period. However, 81 enterprises of the industry failed to fulfill the 1950 plan. The Bobruysk, Grodno, and Poles'ye oblasts soviet executive committees are not paying enough attention to the development of the rayon food combines. There are nine fruit and vegetable canning plants in Belorussian SSR.(4)

- 1 -

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50X1-HUM

Ukrainian SSR

Food production in Ukrainian SSR rose as follows during the last 5 years: confections 8 times, beer 4.5 times, macaroni products 3.5 times, soap 12 times; production of vegetable oils in enterprises of republic subordination rose 2.5 times. (5)

The Ministry of Trade Ukrainian SSR and Ukrainian Cooperatives Union were criticized for improper storage of food products, which often lowers the quality of the products.(6)

The L'vov Fats Combine, established after the war, is functioning satisfactorily. The combine fulfilled the April plan by 15 April and has already fulfilled the May plan by 159 percent. The collective of the margarine plant produces margarine of excellent quality.(7)

#### Moldavian SSR

Under the 1950 plan, 43 million jars of canned food were produced in Moldavian SSR. The plan for sugar production was fulfilled by 114 percent, and animal fats production increased almost twice over 1949.

Production in the Ministry of Food Industry Moldavian SSR expanded 77 percent during the last 2 years, but only the canning branch fulfilled its 5-year plan. The main deficiencies reported were: inefficient mechanization, unsatisfactory organization of work, and planless methods of production.

By 1957, the output of cognac is to reach 4,700,000 bottles and 4 million bottles of champagne. Cognac production was 91 percent of plan during the last 2 years. The Champagne Combine output for 1950 was short of plan by 5,300 dekaliters. Rayon Food Industries produced 86 percent of plan in 1950; 23 of 30 ... rayon food combines did not fulfill their obligations. (8)

### Armenian SSR

The Armenian Bread Trust is producing low-quality products and is not fulfilling the plan for variety of goods. In Yerevan Bakeries No 1, 2, 3, and 4, and also in confectionary shops, the required government standards are not being met. The following shortcomings were noted: increase in moisture and salt content, low porosity and acidity, violations in size and weight. High temperatures in the baking furnaces cause the bread to be burned on the top while the inside remains uncooked. In the above bakeries and confectionary shops primitive methods are followed since there are no gauges or measuring devices. Sanitary conditions throughout the Bread Trust are low. Bread products are transported to market in ordinary trucks and consequently often become damaged.(9)

### Azerbaydzhan SSR

The last quarter 1951 obligations for the entire republic's Ministry of Food Industry were fulfilled shead of time. Three million rubles' worth of food products were produced during the first quarter of 1951. The collective of the Krasnyy Oktyabe Tobacco Factory and the Baku Brewery surpassed the plan. The Fats and Oils Combine and the Nonalcoholic Drinks Plant failed to fulfill their obligations. (10)

#### Turkmen SSR

The Ministry of Food Industry Turkmen SSR met the 1950 plan by 98.3 percent. More than 40 percent of its enterprises failed to fulfill the plan.(11)

- 2 -

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### Kirgiz SSR

The following industries of Ministry of Food Industry Kirgiz SSR surpassed the 1950 plan: bread baking, milling, wine making, fish, brewing, liqueur, and tobacco. The entire industry produced 20 percent more than in 1949. However, 15 enterprises did not fulfill the plan including Dzhalal-Abadskiy Beer-Brewery, Oshskiy Liqueur Plant, and many bakeries and mills. The plan for capital conf struction was fulfilled by 81.6 percent. The construction and assembling unit of the ministry fulfilled the plan by 36.5 percent.(12)

The collective of the Frunze Tobacco Factory produced 9 million cigarettes above the first quarter 1951 plan.(13)

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- 3 -

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